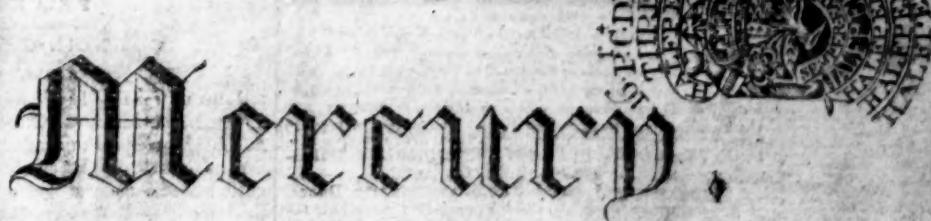


# Caledonian Mercury.



No. 12, 153.

EDINBURGH, PRINTED BY ROBERT ALLAN, MONDAY, AUGUST 12. 1799.

PRICE SIXPENCE.

## Theatre-Royal.

### MR INCLEDON

Most respectfully informs the Nobility, Ladies, and Gentlemen, and the Public in general, that his BENEFIT is fixed for this Evening, August 12, on which occasion will be presented, not performed here these several years.

The Favourite Comic Opera of

### THE CASTLE OF ANDALUSIA.

In the course of the evening, a great variety of New and Popular Songs, by Mr INCLEDON.

To which will be added,

A Musical Entertainment called

### THE QUAKER.

Tickets to be had of Mr INCLEDON, at Cameron's Lodgings

No. 4, Princes Street.

On TUESDAY, August 13,

Will be presented, a Comic Opera, called

### LOVE IN A VILLAGE.

The part of Young Meadows,

MR INCLEDON.

And the part of Rosetta,

MRS ATKINS.

To which will be added, a Farce, in one act, called

### BLUE DEVILS.

MRS ATKINS

Presents her Respects to the Nobility, Ladies and Gentlemen, and the Public in general, and begs leave to inform them, that her BENEFIT is fixed for

WEDNESDAY, August 14,

On which occasion will be repeated the Comic Opera of

### LIONEL AND CLARISSA.

Lionel, - - - - - Mr INCLEDON.

Clarissa, - - - - - Mrs ATKINS,

Who will for that night, introduce the celebrated Song of the NIGHTINGALE, from the Opera of Robin Hood.

Also for that Night several favourite Songs, by

MR INCLEDON.

To which will be added, The Musical Farce of

### ROSINA A.

Mr INCLEDON.

Tickets to be had of Mrs ATKINS, at Mrs Fullerton's

north side of St James's Street.

TO THE

FREEHOLDERS OF THE COUNTY OF BANFF.

GENTLEMEN,

I take the earliest opportunity of requesting your acceptance of my warmest thanks for the unanimity with which you have again placed me in the situation of your Representative in Parliament.

The best return I can make for the honour which your choice confers, will be a faithful discharge of the duties which it imposes. Believe me to be, with every sentiment of gratitude and respect,

Gentlemen,

Your faithful and obedient humble servant,

W. GRANT.

LONDON, 7th August, 1799.

PRINTS,

Thirty per Cent. below Cost.

R. CUMMINS, CARVER, GILDER, and PICTURE FRAMER, R., opposite the Cross-Well, begs leave respectfully to inform the Public, That the Sale of ELEGANT PLAIN and COLOURED PRINTS, by all the most eminent Artists, advertised to take place at his Shop during the Race Week, will be continued to Saturday the 17th current, when it will positively close, as the Prints must be returned to London if not then disposed of.

R. CUMMINS requests, in a particular manner, the attention of the Public to this Collection, as they may rarely have an opportunity of procuring the very best impressions at so very low a rate.

Just Published,

A PORTRAIT OF JOHN HOME, Esq.

Author of the Tragedy of DOUGLAS, &c. from an Original Picture painted by Mr Raeburn, engraved in stroke by A. Birrell, London. Proofs, 15s. Prints, 10s. 6d.

N. B. PORTRAITS painted in Crayons by Mrs CUMMINS, 25 by 13, at One Guinea each.

ARGYLLSHIRE MILITIA.

At a General Meeting of Lieutenantcy of the County of Argyll, held at Inveraray on the second day of August, the following persons balloted as Militiamen, having failed to appear, although duly required to do, were declared deserters, viz.

ARGYLL DISTRICT.

South Knapdale Parish—Alex. Macmillan, weaver, Ballimore. Kilmarlin—Hugh MacDougall, Cuilchruick.

ISLAY DISTRICT.

Bewmore, Kilmeny—Alex. McGilvra, Buniuisk. Alex. MacKay, Leggan. John M'Arthur, Mulrish.

George Keith, Island.

Archibald Johnstone, Corraine.

Duncan Taylor in Bownore.

Arch. M'Eachen, wright, Gartchossan.

Kildonan—Donald Gillies, Elister.

Donald M'Eachen, Killeamore.

Gilbert Smith, Lower Killean.

Kilbemont—Alex. Jamieson, son to John Jamieson, Skiba. Neil Bu, Conishy.

Coll MacDonald, Nerbilas.

John MacNiven, son to D. MacNiven, Foreland.

Arch. Ferguson, son to John Ferguson, Formasdale.

Jura and Colonsay—John MacDougall, labourer, Luoga.

Parish of Gigha—Arch. Galbreath, Liem.

John Cameron, Ardaghany.

Killan—Neil McNamee, Tayloin.

Kilmorow, Kilmory—Samuel M'Kinley, Kilmichael.

Campbeltown—John MacKendrick, Knocknave.

Neil Bruce in Smerby.

Lachlan Tosh, Lossil.

The said several parishes are therefore hereby required, in terms of the 4th section of the act of 10th May 1793, to produce the before named deserters, or fit persons to serve in their place, within two months from this date, with certification, that if they fail so to do, the Deputy Lieutenants and Justices of Peace will proceed to ballot others in their place, upon the second day of October next, within the Courthouse of Inverary.

DUN. CAMPBELL, Clerk.

Inverary, 2d Aug. 1799. G. M. L.

FIFESHIRE.

THE Committee of Trustees appointed for making and repairing the Turnpike Road leading from Newburgh by Kinloch to Shielsbridge, propose to borrow the sum necessary for making and repairing the said road, of which they hereby give notice, in terms of the several acts for making and repairing the turnpike roads in said county. And a meeting of the Turnpike Trustees for the district of Cupar and Couney aforesaid, is requested to be held at Cupar, on Wednesday the fourth day of September next, for the general purposes of the act, and in particular for executing an assignation to the tolls leviable at the tollgate to be erected on the road above described in favour of those gentlemen who have agreed to advance the money for making the said road.

The Committee of Trustees on the Cupar Tollgates are desirous to procure the sum of 2600l. upon an assignation to the tolls and duties leviable at the tollgates erected in the immediate neighbourhood of Cupar.

For particulars apply to Mr. Horsbrugh, Cupar.

Just Published,  
And Sold by JAMES DICKSON, in 2 vols. 8vo. price in boards 14s. ELEMENTS OF CHRISTIAN THEOLOGY,  
Principally for the use of Young Students of Divinity,  
By Dr PRETYMAN, Bishop of Lichfield.  
Where also may be had,  
In 6 vols. 8vo. price in boards 12. 16s.  
THEOLOGICAL TRACTS,  
The Second Edition,  
By Dr WATSON, Bishop of Landaff.

Likewise, A beautiful edition of WATT's IMPROVEMENT of the MIND, being a Supplement to his Logic, price bound 3s. 6d. Dr Johnston declares that "few books have been perused by him with greater pleasure than Watt's Improvement of the Mind, and whoever has the care of instructing others may be charged with deficiency in his duty if this book is not recommended.

N. B.—An Apprentice Wanted.

PRESERVATION OF GAME.  
THE DUKE of ROXBURGH being particularly desirous to preserve the GAME on his moors in Roxburghshire and Berwickshire, hopes that no Gentleman will shoot thereon. Gamekeepers are appointed to watch the moors, and all unqualified persons found trespassing will be prosecuted as the law directs.

PRESERVATION OF GAME.  
THE GAME on the DUKE of GORDON's Highland Estate, particularly in the neighbourhood of Leochaber, having suffered much from the severity of the winter and spring, his Grace finds it necessary to recall his former licences for shooting during this season; and hopes no gentleman will ask or expect any such permission until the Game recovers.

Poachers and others presuming to shoot without liberty will be prosecuted with exemplary severity, his Grace's Forresters having lately got orders to be doubly vigilant for the discovery and conviction of offenders.

PRESERVATION OF GAME.

THE Game on the EARL of HOPETOUN's Estates having suffered much from the severity of last winter and spring, he finds it necessary to recall all his former licences for shooting and hunting previous to this date, and he hopes no Gentleman will ask or expect any such permission until the Game recovers. Poachers and others presuming to shoot without liberty, will be prosecuted with exemplary severity.—The Game-keepers having got orders to be doubly vigilant for the discovery and conviction of offenders.

August 6, 1799.

PRESERVATION OF GAME.

DAVID OGILVY, Airly, though exceedingly reluctant to prevent any of his Friends, or any Gentleman, from sporting on his estates in the counties of Forfar and Perth, begs they will refrain from it for the ensuing season, as the Game has suffered so much from the severity of last winter and spring, that he finds it necessary to give it a Jubilee for the present.—Mr MAULE is persuaded no Gentleman will shoot or hunt upon these grounds after this intimation; and poachers may depend upon being prosecuted with the utmost severity, particular orders being given to the game-keepers and ground-officer for discovering and bringing to punishment all offenders.

N. B.—A handsome Reward will be given to any person giving information, so as to convict any poacher, by applying to John Spence, Esq. at Brechin.

PRESERVATION OF GAME.

MR MAULE of PANMURE, though exceedingly reluctant to prevent any of his Friends, or any Gentleman, from sporting on his Estates in the County of FORFAR, begs they will refrain from it for the ensuing season, as the Game has suffered so much from the severity of last winter and spring that he finds it necessary to give it a Jubilee for the present.—Mr MAULE is persuaded no Gentleman will shoot or hunt upon these grounds after this intimation; and poachers may depend upon being prosecuted with the utmost severity, particular orders being given to the game-keepers and ground-officer for discovering and bringing to punishment all offenders.

N. B.—A handsome Reward will be given to any person giving information, so as to convict any poacher, by applying to John Spence, Esq. at Brechin.

G A M E.  
COUNTY OF EDINBURGH.

THE NOBLES and GENTLEMEN of the Association for the Preservation of the Game, and Prosecution of Poachers within this County, viz.

The Duke of Buccleuch

Marquess of Lothian

Earl of Dalhousie

Earl of Roseberry

Earl of Wemyss

Lord Sommerville

Lord Torphichen

Sir Geo. Clerk of Pennycaul

Archibald Hope of Pinkie,

his trustee

Sir Alex. Dick of Prestonfield

Sir William Augustus Cuning-

ham of Livingston

Sir Andrew Lauder Dick of

Fountainhall and Grange

Sir John Callender of Wester-

town

Major Dundas, Saunders of

McIlvee

Robert Dundas, Esq. of Ar-

niston, Lord Advocate for

Scotland

General Dundas of Bellmount

Rob. Hepburn of Clerkington

William Ramsay of Barnton

John Trotter of Mortonhall

John Wauchope of Edmon-

ton

Walter Browne of Currie

James Dewar of Vogrie

James Rochhead of Inverleath

Col. John Scott of Mallyon

John Christie of Baberton

M. Dalrymple of Forder

J. D. Thomson of Norton—

Having considered that several unqualified persons, by taking out stamped certificates to kill game, have, under that pretence, hunted on different grounds, without the permission of the proprietors.—The Association, therefore empower William Scott, Procurator-fiscal of this county, to prosecute all such persons who have trespassed in time past, or who may do it in time coming.

And whereas an improper use has been made of indulgences

given by the Members of this Association to unqualified persons and others, to hunt on their grounds, these are therefore

intimating, That all indulgences, whether verbal or in writing, granted previous hereto, are hereby recalled; and that if any person whatever shall presume, in time coming, to hunt on their grounds, without first applying for and obtaining an order in writing from the Proprietor, every person so transgressing will be prosecuted according to law.

As also, the said Association considering, that the stealing

of Dogs of sport has been very frequent of late, and that sundry persons are in the practice of shooting, or otherwise de-

## TO THE CREDITORS OF

DAVID DUNLOP of Jameston.  
ALL Persons having any claims against the said David Dunlop, are hereby requested to lodge their grounds of debt with Mr. William Scott-Moncreiff, accountant in Edinburgh, or David Weniss, writer to the signet, betwixt and the 1st November next.

AUGUST 2. 1799.

## SCURVY, GOUT, LEPROSY, SCROPHULA, RHEUMATISM, &amp;c. &amp;c.

A Fresh supply of SELBY'S ANTI-SCORBUTIC DROPS, from the Dispensary, Soho Square, London, is now received by Mr. Scott, apothecary, and J. BAXTER, Italian Warehouse, South Bridge, Edinburgh.

This medicine, from an innumerable series of trials, set forth in a variety of certificates, appears to be the most efficacious remedy in the cure of the above diseases ever discovered by the acutest researches in the art of chymistry. These celebrated Drops are pleasant to take, require no confinement, and are in moulded bottles, with fluted corners, and the words "Fra. Selby's Anti-scorbutic Drops, by the King's Patent," indented on each glass bottle, and the large bottles the King's Arms, with folio bills of direction, and near sixty cases noted therein, attested by respectable personages, alluding to the above complaints.

These Drops may also be had in bottles of 1s. 2s. and 5s.

each, duty included, of

Mr. John Buchanan, Jun. Sun Fire Office, Glasgow.

J. Monnons and J. Duncan, Glasgow.

A. Barry, Paisley.

Mackellar, Greenock.

M'Intosh, Inglis & Wilson, Inverness.

Tho. Cave, Banff.

John Allan, Dundee.

Mr. Scott, surgeon, Kelso.

Mr. Dick, Surgeon, Dundee.

Mr. Andef's-n, Stirling.

Mr. Morrison & Son, Perth.

Mr. Thomson, Aberdeen.

Mr. Dickson, druggist, and

Mr. Inglis, Dumfries.

Walker & Hodson, Newcastle.

Mr. Jollie, Carlisle.

Mr. James Paton, and

Mr. P. Craigie, Montrose.

Mr. Dempster, Cupar Fife.

Mr. Millar, druggist, Perth.

Mr. Gray, merchant, Hawick.

## WAR-OFFICE—July 27. 1799.

1st Regiment of Dragoons—William Montague to be Captain, by purchase, vice Sandford, who retires.

1st Regiment of Light Dragoons—Major the Honourable John Browne to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Captain-Lieutenant John Kent to be Captain of a troop; Captain John Craven, from the 2d light dragoons, to be Captain, vice Neville, who exchanges.

13th Ditto—Lieutenant John Schedden to be Captain, by purchase, vice Simpson, who retires. Coraet Henry C. Adams to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Schedden.

17th Ditto—Cornet — Worge to be Lieutenant, with our purchase, vice Garstin, promoted.

24th Ditto—John Canning to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Dalrymple, promoted.

Coldstream Regiment of Foot Guards—Lieutenant-Colonel K. A. Howard to be Captain of a company, without purchase, vice Bowring; promoted to the command of a battalion of the 6th foot. Captain Thomas Armstrong to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice Howard. Ensign Montagu Wnyard to be Lieutenant, vice Armstrong. Henry Lord Grey de Ruthyn to be Ensign, vice Wnyard.

Brigade of Foot Guards—Assistant-Surgeon John Fullalove, of the Coldstream foot guards, to be Surgeon to the light infantry battalion.

2d Regiment of Foot—Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Love Parry to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Eyre, deceased.

5th Ditto—Lieutenant G. Harris, from the Royal Fuzileers, to be Lieutenant, vice Maclean, who exchanges.

7th Ditto—Lieutenant Hector Maclean, from the 5th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Harris, who exchanges. Ensign Frederick Hervey, from the 5th foot, to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Bowyer, promoted in the 9th foot. Henry Nooth to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Crotty, who retires.

22d Ditto—Hugh Hamilton to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Reynolds, who retires.

43d Ditto—Major William Montgomery, from the 3d West India regiment, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, by purchase, vice Dennis, who retires. Lieutenant Robert Kipling to be Adjutant, vice Tidy, promoted in the 1st West India regiment.

50th Ditto—Ensign O. H. Amiel, from the 66th regiment, to be Ensign, vice Gunn, who exchanges.

60th Ditto—Colonel Robert Brownrigg, from the Coldstream regiment of foot guards, to be Colonel-Commandant of an additional battalion. Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Lachlan Maclean to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel George Burgess Morden, from the 87th foot, to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Captain Edward Power, from the 73d foot, to be Captain, vice Pearson, who exchanges. Ensign James Campbell to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Mainyng, promoted in the 62d foot. Assistant-Surgeon — Franklin, from the 6th foot, to be Surgeon, vice Kidd, appointed to the 63d foot. Hospital-Mate William King to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Murray, deceased.

GARRISONS.

Colonel John Callow of the 5th dragoons, to be Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec, vice Bellow, deceased.

E. B. Brenton, Esq. Deputy Judge Advocate of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, to be Deputy Judge Advocate to the Forces in all the British Provinces of North America.

Lieutenant Winckworth Tonge, of the Royal Fuzileers, to be Town Major of Halifax, in Nova Scotia, vice Prevost, who resigns.

Captain Daniel Lyman, Town Adjutant of Cape Breton, to be Fort Major of Frederic Town, vice Hulles.

Lieutenant Thomas Fitzsimmons, of the Royal Fuzileers, to be Town Adjutant of Cape Breton, vice Lyman.

Colonel Sir Vere Hunt's Fencible Infantry.

Lieutenant John Rose to be Captain, vice Lane, who resigns. David Murphy to be Lieutenant, vice Rose. Lieutenant Thomas McDonald, from the late Strathpey Fencibles, to be Lieutenant, vice Collison, who resigns.

The Honourable Colonel Edward's Fencible Infantry.

Captain John Grant, from the late Strathpey Fencibles, to be Captain, vice Johnson, who resigns. Captain William Grant, from the late Strathpey Fencibles, to be Captain, vice Saunders, who resigns. Captain Gavin Drummond, from the late 1st battalion of the 4th Fencibles, to be Captain, vice Kennedy, who resigns. Joshua Winslow Green to be Ensign, vice Thomas, whose appointment does not take place.

Stirling Volunteers.

Ensign Alexander Mc'Killop to be Lieutenant, vice Glass. Christopher Bell to be Ensign, vice Mc'Killop.

ERERATUM in the Gazette of the 25th ultimo.

Lieutenant Colonel Ogil's Corps, For John Stirling to be Ensign, Read John Killington to be Ensign.

## WAR-OFFICE—August 6.

60th Regiment of Foot—Lieutenant Edward Drummond, from the 71st foot, to be Captain, by purchase, vice Johnson, promoted. Cornet James Robert Coutts, from the 8th light dragoons, to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice James, who retires.

STAFF.

George Brinley, Esq. to be Commissary-General in British North America.

John Butler Butler, Esq. to be Deputy Commissary-General in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Newfoundland, Saint John's Island, and Cape Breton.

John Cragie, Esq. to be Deputy Commissary-General in the Canadas.

William Monsell, Esq. to be Paymaster in a Recruiting District.

## —BANKRUPTS.—

Samuel Brook and Mark Webber, of Morley, York, merchants. Robert Smith, late of Hedge-Nook, York, draper. John Brown, of Stockport, Chester, cotton-spinner.

LLOYD'S MARINE LIST—August 9.

The Haabet, —, from Teneriffe and Madras to Bengal, is taken by a French privateer.

The Osterley Indiaman, captured by La Ferte French privatee, is recaptured by the Nonsuch.

The Hawke, Waye, from Figueira to Newfoundland, is taken and carried to Vigo.

The Active, Power, from Dublin to Gibraltar, is captured by a French privateer, and carried into Rochelle.

The Brothers, Galavan, from Martinico to London, is taken and carried into France.

The Nine Sisters, Simpson, from Dublin to Jamaica, is captured by the Hussar privateer, and carried into Surinam, 14th June.

## WINDS AT DEAL.

Aug. 6, S.—7, S. W.—8, E. S. E. blows with rain.

MAIS.

Arrived—Ireland, 4.—Hamburg, 1.—Lisbon, 0.

Day—Ireland, 3.—Hamburg, 1.

## FRANCE.

## COUNCIL OF ELDERS.

## 13 THERMIDOR—JULY 31.

LASSAY read a letter from the Departments of L'Ouest and Mido, which asserted, that the royalists no longer attempted to conceal their designs, and that they point their daggers against the bosoms of the purchasers of the national domains, and of all the public functionaries.—Referred to the Directory.

The discussion respecting extending amnesty to Barere and three or four others, was renewed.

BAUDIN opposed the resolution. He was astonished any man could consider as a persecuted patriot Barere, and others, miscreants besmeared with the purest blood of France. He stated several new facts which roused the indignation of the Council. It was rejected by a great majority.

## 15 THERMIDOR—AUGUST 2.

The Council received from the Five Hundred the resolution respecting the mode of levying the forced loan. Several members were for proceeding to the vote.

D'ALPHONSO opposed it, and shewed the danger of precipitation in matters of finance. He thought, the present resolution as vicious as the preceding one, and even worse. "I see (says he) a progressive tax, which is an unconstitutional thing, a jury more dangerous than the first, because they are to be guided only by their conscience in fixing the rates; I see bailiffs opened for those who cannot pay. I move that it be referred to a Committee."

## COUNCIL OF FIVE HUNDRED.

## II THERMIDOR—JULY 20.

GARRAU read a letter from the Central Bureau of Bourdeaux. Its purport was to denounce a counter-revolutionary movement that was to take place on the nights of the 5th and 6th, which the agents of royalism had organized. In consequence of this discovery a number of persons have been put under arrest at Bourdeaux, where a proclamation is said to have been issued in the name of Louis XVIII. The printers and publishers have been sought after in vain. He moved that the letter from the Central Bureau of Bourdeaux be sent to the Directory, which was agreed to.

## 12 THERMIDOR—JULY 30.

A message from the Council of Elders announced the rejection of the resolution respecting the forced loan.

PETIET observed, that nothing was more urgent than the procuring of funds for the public treasury.—Everything that occasions procrastination should be avoided, in order to remove the fatal obstacles which clogg the activity of the armies. He was, moreover, of opinion that the hundred millions should be raised on all the departments in proportion to their landed and moveable property, &c. which might be regarded as fixed and acknowledged, and not as arbitrary grounds of taxation. The revenue arising from the posts should also be especially appropriated to the payment of the interest on this loan.—Ordered to be printed and sent to the Commission.

BONNAIRE moved that it be immediately resolved to form a Commission for enforcing the loan; which three articles only would be sufficient for raising several millions in four days, on the newly enriched among the inhabitants of Paris.

PETIET seconded the motion, to be comprised in two distinct resolutions—one respecting a tax on the newly enriched, and the other on the distribution of the loan among the other citizens.

LACUE read a message from the Council of Elders, to be comprised in two distinct resolutions—one respecting a tax on the newly enriched, and the other on the distribution of the loan among the other citizens.

Another stated, that he had caused a person to be apprehended, who cried "Down with the King! Down with the Jacobins!" Referred to the Commission.

## PARIS.—13 THERMIDOR, JULY 31.

Bankrupts multiply every day, and every person who formerly wished to appear rich, now complains of distress and poverty. This change is attributed to the expected operation of the forced loan.

A detachment of the gens d'arms, who escorted a sum of 59,000 livres, the produce of some of the taxes, was stopped on the 13th and disarmed on the road to Montpelier by 150 Chouans.

## 14 THERMIDOR—AUGUST 1.

BRIOT presented to the Council two pamphlets, one entitled, "the Cry of Italy;" the other, "Address of the Italian Patriots to the Legislative Body."

The speaker observed that he took this opportunity to call the attention of the Council to the reverses of the Republic, and those to whom they are to be ascribed. He was astonished that Scherer, Trouve, Raouy, Faypout, Grouchy, and other traitors, were not yet summoned to take their trial.

He concluded by moving—

1. That a Message should be sent to the Directory, to know the result of the enquiries that were to take place respecting Scherer.

2. Those relative to Trouve, the destroyer of the Cisalpine Republic, and the violator of the treaty of alliance with that Republic.

3. A Message requesting the Directory to prosecute Rivaud, Faypout, Grouchy, Rapinat, and Schwambourg.

4. That the writings presented to the Council should be submitted to the inspection of a Committee, to report whether they ought to form the ground of a Legislative measure.

5. That the Committee be appointed to prepare a law to prevent in future the misconduct of diplomatic or civil agents to allied States.

These different propositions were adopted.

The Council proceeded to take into consideration the plan of Delfrem, relative to loans, which, after some debate, was adopted. The principal provisions are as follow:—

1. In compliance with the law of the 10th Messidor, all persons in easy circumstances, are called upon to contribute to the loan in proportion to their wealth.

2. This proportion shall be fixed by a Jury, upon the creation of the land tax. The salaries of public functionaries do not enter into the proportion.

3. Citizens liable to the land tax under 300 livres pay nothing.

From 3 to 400 they shall pay 3-10ths of the contribution.

4 to 500 — 4-10ths.

5 to 600 — 5-10ths.

6 to 700 — 6-10ths.

7 to 800 — 7-10ths.

8 to 900 — 8-10ths.

9 to 1000 — 9-10ths.

1000 to 1200 — a sum equal to the centrip.

1200 to 1500 — 12-10ths.

1500 to 2000 — 14-10ths.

2000 to 2500 — 16-10ths.

2500 to 3000 — 18-10ths.

3000 to

The Hamburg mail, due on Sunday, arrived yesterday. The intelligence brought by it, which is important, is not of so late a date as that which have arrived in the Paris papers to the 4th inst.

The Vienna Gazette states, that the siege of Mannheim is carried on with great activity; one column of Macdonald's army is making through the Genoese.—

An un-official article from Verona, reports that it was attacked about seven leagues from Seltria, and completely destroyed. Little credit, however, is due to this report.

It is this column which is said to have effected its junction with Moreau. Moreau himself has contradicted the rumour of his having retreated from the Genoese, and it should seem as if he expected to be reinforced by

15,000 men, 4000 of whom have joined him. His head-quarters are at Savona.

Suvorow's army is in the environs of Novi and Acqui, and he is, as the French papers informed us, besieging Alessandria with 50,000 men.

Maffena, whose army is said to be 70,000 strong, is expected to make a general attack upon the Archduke before the Russians arrive. An attempt is to be made to drive the French from the Valais, while a column of Austrians penetrates by Aosta and the lake of Geneva to the canton of Berne.

Genoa is said, but with little appearance of truth, to have secretly capitulated to the English.

Seven English men of war are cruising before Leghorn, to prevent the embarkation of the French garrison. Some accounts by the mail say, that Leghorn has been taken by the Imperialists.

Though there are no official or precise details of the operations in Italy, we gather from various private accounts that every thing is proceeding favourably towards the annihilation of the French dominion in the whole of that country.

In Holland, not one third part of the citizens have enrolled themselves for the National Guards: The Orange party begin to talk boldly, and the government has not yet dared to recur to severe measures to repress them.

The following paragraph, translated from a Paris Journal, gives a picture, perhaps not unfaithful, of the state of parties there:

The situation of Paris is difficult and dangerous to describe. In the midst of the choice that is made, the discourses that are held, and the laws that are prepared, we know not what party reigns, nor whose genius directs us. The Council of Five Hundred is the first stage where parties try their strength. They have their champions, but they will not shew their colours till the moment of attack. Notwithstanding the wise examples they have received from the Ancients, revolutionary measures are still resorted to. One abuse is the pretence of another; and when they wish to propose an injustice, they always usher it in with some bad news; it serves their purpose instead of reason and argument; they excite fear, and every one rises to support them.

The Council of Ancients is more calm, but its moderation always exposes it to the assaults of a body whose movements are directed by energy. If that body could be resisted, the two Legislative Assemblies would be in their proper places. If it is not resisted the Jacobins will replace them. The Executive Directory, enveloped in its silence, is as economical of its thoughts, as Sieyes of his speech. It appears to conform itself to the mere execution of the laws. However, the agitation of the Five Hundred, the calmness of the Ancients, the silence of the Directory, leave the public opinion to the direction of parties.

The Jacobins seem to follow it, and they effectually rule; their exile from the Manège has renewed their exiles. The citizens have despised them; they proceeded in the midst of hisses, which were to them cries of victory. The imprisonment of brother Lavallée has not disconcerted them; the denunciation of Courtois has not dispersed them. It has united them. They seem accustomed to denunciations; they are not terrified at injuries, which they consider as services. You think you insult them by calling them Jacobins; but they are pleased with the name; and invite you to use it. In the mean time they affect a philanthropic reformation. They only speak of punishing robbers and saving the Republic. The Constitution and the Republic are ever in their lips.

These papers confirm the departure of the combined fleet from Cadiz, on the 21st ultimo.

According to some of these papers, the English fleet had divided itself into three squadrons, one cruising off Toulon, another off Genoa, and a third off Leghorn.

At the latter place 18 sail of English ships of war were seen on the third.

And by letters from Pavia of the 16th ultimo a squadron had gone to Naples with troops.

The Turkish and Russian ships had left the Adriatic, to join the English.

An embargo was on Tuesday last laid upon all the shipping and coasting vessels along the coasts, to continue pending the embarkation and sailing of the projected expedition.

Yesterday at noon, Capt. Lawford, of the Romney man of war, arrived at the Admiralty from the Downs, and had a long interview with the Lords of the Admiralty; after which he again left town in the evening with advice to Admiral Mitchell.

An overland dispatch from India was received this morning at the India House. It brings an account of the recapture of the Osterley East Indiaman, which was taken by the Forte French frigate.

THE SECRET EXPEDITION.

DOVER—AUG. 7.

This day the brigade of guards, and the first regt.

ment of foot, first battalion, embarked at Ransgate;

the 2d, 27th, 29th, and 6th marched this day to embark. The whole of the ground is now clear, but we expect another encampment immediately.

FORTSMOUTH—AUG. 7.

The embargo continues, and will, we hear, continue during the embarkation and the sailing of the expedition.

The passage to the Isle of Wight is suspended, except by open wherries—the late gales of wind have prevented them from passing.

The whole of the Staff for the expedition is now settled.—The Commanders are—

Field-Marshal the Duke of York,  
Sir Ralph Abercrombie,  
H. R. H. Prince William of Gloucester,  
The Earl of Chatham,  
General Knox,  
General Moore,  
General Coote,  
General Doyley,  
Lord Paget, and  
Lord Charles Somerset.

General Knox is sent express to Cuxhaven, to meet the auxiliary troops from Russia, which are expected to be in the Elbe as soon as the General himself.

General Macdonald's corps de reserve, consisting of the 23d and 55th regiments, are now encamped at Walmer, preparatory to their embarking on board the transports.

Lord C. Bentinck, aid-de-camp to his Royal Highness the Duke of York, left town yesterday for Canterbury.

The Earl of Chatham is, it is said, to have a command in the secret expedition.

The Hamburg mail due on Wednesday has not arrived.

No intelligence has been received this morning, either respecting the combined fleets, or Lord Keith.—Every effort, however, is making to get a fleet ready for sea immediately. The report of the fleets having got into Brest still prevails. It is founded probably upon the naval reporter, Riou's assertion, "that a larger fleet would soon be seen in Brest than had hitherto been seen," and upon the following paragraph in the *Moniteur* of the 4th.

"Our fleet is expected at Brest; it proceeds always in concert with that of Spain. In the mean time, the fleets are not under the same commander."

Riou and the *Moniteur* may be right; but our readers will not forget that it is neither impossible nor very improbable that they may have asserted that Brest was their object, for the express purpose of misleading us.

Lord Bridport is to command the fleet now preparing in our different ports.

The chief officer of the Company's ship Earl Fitzwilliam (Mr. Fraser) with five seamen, were lost in consequence of the accident which happened that ship by fire in Bengal river.

An express reached the Countess of Strafford at Wentworth Castle, last Tuesday night, informing her, that his Lordship, on his journey home, had been taken suddenly ill at Nottingham, and died immediately.

Yesterday, at Guildhall, Sir Edward Berry was presented with the freedom of the city in a gold box, which had been voted to him for his gallant conduct at the glorious battle of the Nile. He was addressed by Mr. Chamberlain Clarke in a very appropriate manner, and received the compliment with becoming dignity. He then took the civic oath, and his name was enrolled.

The Poet Pignotti, who has enriched Italian literature with some very charming fables—a kind of writing with which it was not before graced, lately fell into the hands of the insurgents of Arezzo, who forced him to swallow burning charcoal. He died in the most excruciating tortures.

IMPERIAL RESCRIPT,

ADDRESSED BY THE SUBLIME PORTE, TO MR. SPENCER SMITH, THE ENGLISH MINISTER.

The Commodore of the British Court, the estimable Sir Sydney Smith, having received orders to come with his ship to this Imperial capital, has given the most manifest proofs of his luminous ideas and his exalted wisdom, in the different conferences which have been held on the operations of the war, and the measures to be taken in the present conjuncture. Having afterwards set sail for the coast of Egypt, he learned that the enemy, the violator of treaties, had marched against Acre. He failed with the utmost expedition with his fleet, and cast anchor before that city, where he arrived before the army of French revolutionists, and half-endeavoured to render the most eminent services.

During the whole time of the siege, he has not ceased to perform actions worthy of the highest praise. He has eminently contributed to the brilliant victories which have signalized the Ottoman arms, by the protection of the Most High. In consequence, the Sublime Porte, of eternal duration, has sent him as a present a Diamond Aigrette and Pelisse; and the present note has been written and transmitted, in order that permission and favour may be granted him by his Court to attach this Aigrette to his forehead, radiating with glory, and wear the Pelisse, as testimonies of the zeal and ardour which he has displayed.

Given the 13th of Muharem, in the year of the Hejira 1214.—[June 17. 1799.]

SEMLIN—July 8.

Psawian Oglou is again collecting troops and ammunition, and extending his force in the vicinity of Widdin in a very menacing manner. His intention appears to be to seize on Orlowa, and he is already in possession of a small fort in the environs. The Pacha of this place is making the necessary dispositions for defence in case of attack. The governor of Belgrade is likewise taking measures to defeat the enterprises which Psawian may undertake.

THE FRENCH ARMIES.

The following is given in a Continental journal as a calculation of the present state of the whole French armies.

1st, Macdonald's, 10,000 men.

2d, Moreau's 15,000, without counting the garrisons of Maastricht, Coni, Alessandria, Toton, and Savona.

3d, 10,000, at the utmost, which compose the rallying body of the army of the Alps, under the command of Championnet, and which is collecting both at Briancon and at Chambery.

4th, 60,000 men in Switzerland, under Maffena.

5th, 10,000 men, at least, at Kehl.

6th, About fifteen thousand men between Basle and Mayence, comprising the garrison of that place.

7th, From Mayence to Holland, from ten to fifteen thousand men at the utmost.

8th, In the whole of the Batavian Republic, including the Isles of Zealand, nine thousand men of old troops, and fifteen thousand conscripts, and twenty thousand Batavians.

9th, In Belgium, from Dunkirk to Sluys, including the interior of the country, twenty-five thousand men.

Total—199,000 French, from which must be deducted the 20,000 Batavians. There will then remain 179,000 men, from whom must also be deducted the 10,000 men under Macdonald.—Thus it is with 169,000 men that the Republicans pretend to defend themselves from Dunkirk to Genoa, and even of these troops the half are conscripts and recruits.

We learn by the New York papers, received yesterday, that symptoms of the yellow fever have again appeared at Philadelphia. Every precaution had been taken to prevent the spreading of the disorder, which is said to have been imported from the Havannah; but it is feared that it has taken root in Philadelphia itself.—

We learn also by these papers, that the anniversary of American independence had been celebrated with joy and harmony. A restricted intercourse has been opened with St Domingo. An intercourse with that island has also been opened from Cuba and Jamaica.

The *flower of herrings* in Scotland is but a poor fete against the phenomenon in the county of Kent last week, where it rained ham and chicken for two hours, enough to feed all the county peasantry! There was also a great fall of *bread and cheese*, which broke a number of panes of glass in the neighbourhood.

—STOCKS—  
This day, (Aug. 9.) at twelve o'clock,  
3 p.m. ent. cons. 62½ 63—Omnium 11½  
Exchanges on Dublin 1½

## Caledonian Mercury.

EDINBURGH—AUGUST 12.

Paris papers to the 4th inst. have been received, extracts from which will be found in the forgoing columns.

Since the combined fleets sailed from Cadiz, no further advice has been received of them.

THE BREST FLEET.

The French journal *Des Hommes Libres* has the following severe remarks on the conduct of Admiral Bruix:

"After the expedition to Egypt, there is nothing which claims our notice in point of extravagancy more than the nautical promenade which the Ex-Minister Bruix has made from the Ocean into the Mediterranean, and thence back again into the Ocean. It can have been conceived and executed only from the necessity of covering the enormous dilapidations committed by this man, as well as his contracts, no less disastrous than venal, with the company of OURARD. This foolish project has cost the Republic about 40 millions, which would certainly have been much better employed in supplying the wants of our soldiers."

"The squadron sailed from Brest, on the 26th of April, with the most favourable weather, and steered towards Cape St Vincent. It was to be expected, from his superior force, that Bruix would have offered battle to JARVIS before Cadiz. Vain expectation! On the 3d of May, the French van discovered the enemy's fleet, consisting of 17 sail of the line, of which 14 were first rates. A signal was made to form the line; but nothing more was done than to frighten the British. They tacked to the north, and the Admiral, instead of giving chase, proceeded towards the Straits; satisfied with raising the blockade of Cadiz, and having sent in his dispatches by a corvette.

"In passing the island of Majorca, six of the enemy's ships have in sight. But for that time also Bruix contented to take any notice of them, and continued his course to Toulon, where he arrived the 13th of May. His wants might have been supplied in twenty-one hours, and yet he spent a whole fortnight in giving and receiving entertainments. It is difficult to form a conception of the insolent pomp which he displayed. He was daily rowed ashore by eighteen men, dressed in his own livery, with lace on every seam, and on landing he was escorted by eighteen hussars, superbly clothed. This is the first instance we know of an Admiral being escorted in the style of a German General.

"At length he resolved to put to sea. All his operations went no farther than to debark at Genoa a thousand conscripts, to join the Spanish squadron, and to return to Cadiz.

"Will the Directory any longer permit a leader so notoriously liable to suspicion, to dispose of the last relics of our navy? Will it suffer our sea-coasts, menaced with a sudden invasion, to remain defenceless and exposed to the insults of the enemy? This determination of Bruix to lurk in foreign ports, conceals a perfidious design, which the triumvir, indeed, might have authorized, but of which the re-generated Directory will doubtless prevent the execution."—*Journal des Hommes Libres*.

YARMOUTH—AUGUST 6.

Admiral Dickson arrived on Sunday, and hoisted his flag on board the Scorpion sloop of war. Yesterday came in the Monmouth from the Texel; and ten revenue cutters from the Downs, to take on board troops.

This being the anniversary of the birth of his Royal Highness the PRINCE OF WALES, when he enters into the 38th year of his age, the same was observed with the usual marks of respect.

On Saturday last the sitting magistrate fined a gentleman's servant one guinea for riding his horse among the foot passengers on Leith-walk, after the race, and insulting the gentleman who found fault with the impropriety of his behaviour.

The first division (consisting of four companies) of Lord MACDONALD's fencible infantry, the Regiment of the Isles, marched into head-quarters at Whitehaven on Saturday; the second division, two companies, on Monday; and the third, the grenadier company, on Tuesday.—They were embodied on the 4th of June; and began their march from Inverness on the 2d ult.—The distance is 450 miles. The companies at Whitehaven are, at present, under the command of Captain MACDONALD. The regiment consists of ten companies; the other three of which are to be quartered at Cockermouth.

The Vigilance of Leith, Capt. STEEDMAN, arrived safe at Gibraltar, 4th ult.

EDINBURGH RACES.

SATURDAY.

There was a match between Captain HOME's brown mare, and Colonel HARBOARD's bay horse for 100 Guineas.—The first heat they came in so equal, that it was impossible to say which gained it, and the judges declared it a dead heat. Two other heats were run, and gained very narrowly by Colonel HARBOARD's horse.

A Subscription Purse for the beaten horses of the week was run for between Mr. Brown's bay horse Guilan, and Mr. KINCAID's grey horse Pretty Dick.

Two close heats were run which the latter gained.

Both the above races afforded excellent sport.

—BIRTH.—  
Mrs. STEWART of Dalglass, of a son, at Ardblair on the 7th of August current.

—DEATH.—  
On Thursday evening, at Newcastle, after a short illness, Major-General the Right Honourable Lord Viscount FIELDING.

A few days ago, two gentlemen's servants were committed to the tolbooth, by warrant of the Sheriff, for theft. They had been in the practice, in company with two others who have absconded, of going into public houses and calling for drink, and, by means of picklocks or false keys, opening drawers, &c., and carrying off what money they contained.

Saturday morning arrived in Leith Roads, his Majesty's ship *Astrea*, Capt. DACCES, from a cruise.

Friday night came into the harbour of Leith the brigantine *Christian* of Levenecking, S. DUNCAN master, from Dantick, with wheat. She sailed from the Sound with a 20 gun ship and an armed ship, having under convoy a fleet of ships for the north of England and Liverpool, &c. with wheat; she parted company, the armed ship having proceeded to the southward with a part of the fleet, and the 20 gun ship to the westward with the remainder.

Friday arrived in Leith Roads, the Rattle gun-boat, Lieut. WICKHAM, after having convoyed the *Archangel* ships to the northward.

Friday night about eleven o'clock, as one of the midshipmen belonging to the *Victor* sloop of

INVERNESS, SEPT. 10. 1798.

NORTHERN SHEEP FARMER ASSOCIATION.

A Meeting of the principal Sheep Farmers in the counties of INVERNESS, ROSS, and SUTHERLAND, held here this day, in consequence of advertisements in the public news-papers, calling them together, to consider of some proper and effectual measures, to put a stop to and detect the thefts which have been perpetrated on the flocks of several individuals amongst them.

The Meeting unanimously made choice of DONALD MACLEOD of Geanies, Esq. Sheriff-depute of Ross to be Preses, and ALEXANDER MACDONELL, writer in Inverness, to be Clerk.

Thereafter, the following plan was suggested to the Meeting:—

I. That the Members of the present Meeting, and all Sheep Farmers within the counties of Inverness, Ross, and Sutherland, shall hereafter, for every parcel of sheep they deliver to a purchaser, or drive themselves from their farms for sale, give or send a certificate under the hand of the owner, or his manager, stating the number and kinds of sheep whereof the parcel consists, with the marks whereby they are distinguishable, and certifying (as the fact may be) that they have been fairly sold to the person or persons in whose custody they may be, or are driving on account of the proprietor for market, or otherwise (as the case may be); and to prevent the risk of such certificate being forged, that a plate shall be engraved, conform to a plan produced, to be filled up according to circumstances, and after striking off a certain number of copies, that the plate and certificates be lodged with Mr Macdonell, Clerk to the Association, who will distribute them solely to the proprietors of sheep farms, on receipt, on paying some trifle for indemnifying the expence of engraving and printing.

II. That all Ferrymen, Constables, or others residing in the course which the sheep drivers usually take, or possibly may be requested to stop all sheep drivers, and call for the certificate of the purchase of the sheep; and if he or they can produce no certificate, that they shall be directed to bring the driver before the next Justice of the Peace, or Civil Magistrate, for examination, who will proceed as the case may require.

III. That application be made by this Meeting to the Gentlemen of the counties of Inverness, Ross, and Sutherland, at their ensuing General Machias Meetings, or at the first Quarter Sessions of the Peace within the same, stating the suspicions of theft that are entertained, and praying them to interpose their authority, by directing all Ferrymen, Constables, or others, to require the production of such certificates, and upon failure, to bring the party before the next magistrates for examination; and certifying them, that if proof can be brought of their being remiss or negligent in the execution of their duty, that they shall be liable to prosecution and fine for such neglect.

IV. That application be also made to the Sheriff-deputes of the several counties, to give pointed instructions to those men who are under their immediate direction, and paid by the Public for discovering and apprehending thieves and vagabonds, that they be peculiarly watchful over those who drive sheep through the hills—examine their certificates, and take down a memorandum in writing of such certificate, stating from whence the sheep have come—to what market they are bound, and specifying the number and kinds.—That they shall have this account always ready for the inspection of any having interest; and in order to indemnify them for their trouble, those who keep such memorandum regularly entered in a book, and, at the end of the season, exhibit the same to the Association, or their Clerk, shall be entitled to receive half a crown for every such entry, besides all expenses actually laid out in bringing those who may have no certificate, or an irregular one, before a Magistrate, and in caring for the flock stopped until the Magistrate's decision is known.

V. That the Ferrymen and Constables who are put to trouble or expense in executing the business herein alluded to, shall receive full indemnification for their time and trouble, by applying to the Clerk of the Association, and in case of their actuality stopping a parcel of Sheep, which shall be found to have been stolen, they shall receive a reward of TWENTY GUINEAS from the Association, if the parcel exceeds Two Hundred Sheep or upwards, and so in proportion for a less parcel.

VI. That these resolutions be published four different times in each of the four Edinburgh News Papers, at the distance of a week from each publication this season, and renewed in the months of July and August next, at the expence of the Members of the Meeting: That as many copies be printed here and pasted upon the different public houses, and at the different Ferrymen's houses within the counties as may be sufficient for giving due intimation, and that a person or persons be sent round to have that done immediately.

The Meeting entered into several separate resolutions amongst themselves for the preservation of their property, and the more speedy detection of future depredations, which they thought unnecessary to make public, but which, notwithstanding, is not the less binding on them individually, and on those for whom they acted, and they give their unanimous approbation to the adoption of the above resolutions. These minutes consisting of this and the two preceding pages, are signed by each Member of the Meeting for themselves, and those for whom they act, on this last page, and by the Preses and Clerk on the preceding pages.

(Signed) DONALD MACLEOD, Preses.

Extracted by me

ALEX. MACDONELL, clerk to the meeting

INVERNESS, 6th May, 1798.

At a General Meeting of the principal Sheep Farmers in the Counties of Inverness, Ross, and Sutherland, met in consequence of advertisements in the public newspapers calling them together, DONALD MACLEOD of Geanies, Esq. Sheriff-depute of the county of Ross in the Chair.

The minutes of the meeting held here on the 10th September, 1798, and published in all the Edinburgh newspapers, having been read, the Meeting approve thereof, and of the measures therein recommended; and Alexander Macdonell, their clerk, reported the steps he had taken, and having produced an opinion given by the Lord Advocate, on a case laid before him, founded on the above resolutions, it was moved, that the Gentlemen of the Association should sell no parcel of Sheep without covering them with a certificate, to be filled up in terms of the resolutions, and that it should be advertised in the newspapers in the months of July and August next: That all the Members thereof had resolved to that purpose, and that the police constables were authorised to ask of all drivers of sheep parcels from whom they were purchased; and if from any Member of the Association, he must require the certificate to be produced; and failing of which, that he be instructed to stop the parcel, and bring the party before the next Justice for examination, as a reasonable doubt may be entertained of their not being come honestly by: That each constable be furnished with a blank copy of the certificate, and a list of the Members of the Association, to enable him to act in conformity to the above resolutions—Which motion was unanimously agreed to by the Meeting, and certificates were afterwards delivered to the Members—These minutes are signed by the Chairman of the Meeting, in their name, and by their authority

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The minutes of the meeting held here on the 10th September, 1798, and published in all the Edinburgh newspapers, having been read, the Meeting approve thereof, and of the measures therein recommended; and Alexander Macdonell, their clerk, reported the steps he had taken, and having produced an opinion given by the Lord Advocate, on a case laid before him, founded on the above resolutions, it was moved, that the Gentlemen of the Association should sell no parcel of Sheep without covering them with a certificate, to be filled up in terms of the resolutions, and that it should be advertised in the newspapers in the months of July and August next: That all the Members thereof had resolved to that purpose, and that the police constables were authorised to ask of all drivers of sheep parcels from whom they were purchased; and if from any Member of the Association, he must require the certificate to be produced; and failing of which, that he be instructed to stop the parcel, and bring the party before the next Justice for examination, as a reasonable doubt may be entertained of their not being come honestly by: That each constable be furnished with a blank copy of the certificate, and a list of the Members of the Association, to enable him to act in conformity to the above resolutions—Which motion was unanimously agreed to by the Meeting, and certificates were afterwards delivered to the Members—These minutes are signed by the Chairman of the Meeting, in their name, and by their authority

DONALD MACLEOD, P.

ALEX. MACDONELL, Clerk.

Extracted by me

ALEX. MACDONELL, clerk to the meeting

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